

### **Software License Agreement**

#### **RTF to Image Converter**

#### **For Win32/64**

Version 10

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# **Getting Started**

This chapter describes the contents of the software diskettes and provides a step by step process of incorporating RTF to Image Converter into your application.

# In This Chapter Files

License Key

Incorporating the DLL into Your Application

Sample Conversion Code



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### **Files**

The package contains the DLL and header files. The package also includes a set of files to construct a demo program. The demo program shows by example the process of linking the DLL to your program.

#### **DLL Demo Files:**

The following demo files are included in the c\_demo.zip file.

DEMO.C Source code for the demo program

DEMO.H Include file for the demo program

DEMO.RC Resource source file for the demo program

DEMO.DEF Definition file for linking the demo program

DEMO.EXE Executable demo program

DEMO\_DLG.H Dialog Identifiers for the demo program

DEMO\_DLG.DLG Dialog templates for the demo program

DEMO\_DLG.RES Compiled dialogs for the demo program

RIS.H The *include* file to include into a C/C++ application module that

calls the RIS routine. It contains the constant definitions and the

prototypes for the API functions.

ris32.DLL The DLL file

ris32.LIB Import library for the ris32 DLL

ter24.dll Used internally by the ris32.DLL

ricc.dll Wrapper DLL to used with an ASP page

### Visual Basic Interface and Demo Files:

RIS.BAS Function declaration file.

DMO\_VB.FRM Demo form file.

DMO\_VB.BAS Demo variable declaration file.

DMO\_VB.VPB Demo project file.





### **License Key**

Your License Key and License number are e-mailed to you after your order is processed. You would set the license information using the RisSetLicenseInfo static function. This should be preferably done before creating the converter session to avoid pop-up nag screens.

int RisSetLicnseInfo(LPBYTE LicenseKey, LPBYTE LicenseNumber, LPBYTE CompanyName);

LicenseKey: Your license key is available in the product delivery email sent to you

upon the purchase of the product. It consists of a string in the form of

"XXXXX-yyyyy-ZZZZZ".

LicenseNumber: Your license number is also available in the product delivery email. The

license number string starts with a "srab" or "smo" prefix.

CompanyName: Your company name as specified in your order.

**Return Value:** This method returns 0 when successful. A non-zero return value indicates an error condition. Here are the possible return values:

- 0 License application successful.
- 1 Invalid License Key.
- 2 Invalid License Number.
- 3 Ran out of available licenses. Please consider purchasing additional licenses.

#### Example:

result=RisSetLicenseInfo("xxxxx-yyyyy-zzzzz","srabnnnnn-n","Your Company Name")

Replace the 'xxxxx-yyyyy-zzzzz' by your license key, replace "srabnnnnn-n" with your license number, and "Your Company Name" with your company name as specified in your order.

**Note**: RisSetLicenseInfo method should be called only once at the beginning of your application. Calling this method for each conversion would degrade the conversion performance.

Also, you can use the RisGetLicenseStatus function at anytime to retrieve the license status.





# **Incorporating the DLL into Your Application**

A C/C++ application should include the RIS.h file into the application module that needs to call the ris32 dll. It also should include the ris32.LIB as the linker library. Please refer to the demo application for an example.

A Visual Basic application needs to include the HIS.BAS file in the project. Please refer to the DMO\_VB project for an example.

Please also make sure that the ris32.dll and ter24.dll files are copied to a directory available at run-time.

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First you would create a new conversion session:

```
dim id as long
```

Set the product license key and create a session id:

You would use the session id to call other conversion functions.

Here are sample code examples to convert RTF to Image format.

### 1. Convert an RTF file to an image file.

```
PageCount = RisLoadFile(id, "test.rtf")

If (PageCount > 0) Then

PageNo = 1 'Get image for the first page of the document
    result = RisImageToFile(id, "test.jpg", PageNo)

End If
```

### 2. Convert an RtfString to a string containing image data:

```
Dim hMem as long

Dim PageCount as long

Dim ImageType as long

Dim OutString as string

Dim RtfString as string

'load the document and return the number of pages
```

```
'in the document
PageCount = RisLoadBuffer(id, RtfString, Len(RtfString))

If (PageCount > 0) Then
   ' get the output image type from a file name
   ImageType = RisGetImageType(id, "test.jpg")

   ' set the output image type
   call RisSetNumProp(id, RIPROP_IMAGE_TYPE, ImageType)

   ' return the page image in global memory handle
   hMem = RisImageToBuffer(id, OutSize, PageNo)

   If (hMem > 0) Then
    ' allocate space for the output string
   OutString = Space$(OutSize + 1)

   Call RisHandleToStr(OutString, OutSize, hMem)
   End if
End if
```

After the conversion process, end the session by calling the RisEndSession function. This frees up the memory used by the session.

```
RisEndSession(id)
```

Note: RTF to Image converter makes use of Windows' GdiPlus API. GdiPlus must be installed on a system to use RTF to Image Converter.





# **Application Interface functions**

These API functions allow you to convert from RTF to Image format. Your application must include the RIS.H file (c/c++), or RIS.BAS (VB) files. These files declare these functions.

The following is a description of the RIS API functions in an alphabetic order:

### In This Chapter

**RisEndSession** 

RisGetImageType

<u>RisGetLastMessage</u>

RisGetLicnseStatus

RisGetPageImage

RisLoadBuffer

RisImageToBuffer

**RisImageToFile** 

**RisHandleToStr** 

RisLoadFile

**RisNewSession** 

RisResetLastMessage

RisSetFlags

RisSetBoolProp

RisSetHdrFtrText

**RisSetImageSize** 

**RisSetNumProp** 

**RisSetPageMargin** 

RisSetPaperOrient

**RisSetPaperSize** 

RisSetTextProp





### RisEndSession

End a conversion session.

BOOL RisEndSession(id)

DWORD id; Session id.

**Description:** This function is called at the end of the conversion process to free up the session related resources.

Return Value: The function returns TRUE when successful.





# RisGetImageType

Get the image type constant for to the requested file name.

int RisGetImageType(id, ImageFile)

DWORD id; // Session id

LPBYTE ImageFile; // image file name

**Return value:** This method returns Image-type constant corresponding to the extension of the given file.

### **Examples:**

```
' get the image type for a file name

ImageType = RisGetImageType(id, "test.jpg")

' set the output image type

RisSetNumProp(id, RIPROP_IMAGE_TYPE, ImageType)
```





### RisGetLastMessage

### Get the last message.

int RisGetLastMessage(id, RisMessage, DebugMessage);

DWORD id; Session id.

LPBYTE RisMessage; Returns the default user message text in English

LPBYTE DebugMsg; Returns any debug message associated with the last

message. The debug message need not be displayed to

the user.

**Return Value:** This function returns the last message generated by the editor. This value is valid only if saving of the messages is enabled by setting the HPFLAG\_RETURN\_MSG\_ID flag. This flag is set using the RisSetFlags function.





### RisGetLicnseStatus

### Get the license status.

int RisGetLicnseStatus()

#### **Return Value:**

- 0 License application successful.
- 1 Invalid License Key.
- 2 Invalid License Number.
- Ran out of available licenses. Please consider purchasing additional licenses.
- 4 The evaluation period has expired.

You can use the RisGetLicenseStatus function at anytime to retrieve the license status.





### RisGetPageImage

Return the image for the requested page number for the currently loaded RTF document.

HANDLE RisGetPageImage(PageNo)

DWORD id; Session id.

int PageNo; // Page number. This value should be between 1 and

the PageCount for the currently loaded RTF

document.

**Return value:** This function returns a metafile handle for a metafile image, or a bitmap handle for other type of images. A null value indicates an error condition.

This function is useful if you wish to retrieve the image handle for further processing before saving to a disk file.

### **Examples:**

```
PageCount=RisLoadFile(id, "test.rtf");
RisSetNumProp(id, RIPROP_IMAGE_TYPE, PICT_JPG)
handle=RisGetPageImage(id, 1);
```





### RisLoadBuffer

Load rtf string and determine the number of pages in the rtf document..

int RisLoadBuffer(id, InString, InStringLen)

DWORD id; Session id.

LPBYTE InString; Input string containing RTF document.

int InStringLen; length of the input document string.

**Return value:** This function returns the number of pages in the rtf document. A value of zero indicates an error condition.

### **Examples:**

Dim RtfString as string

PageCount = RisLoadBuffer(id,RtfString, Len(RtfString))





### RisImageToBuffer

Save the current image in a memory handle.

HGLOBAL RisImageToFile(id, OutFile, PageNo)

DWORD id; // Session id

LPLONG OutSize; // (output) size of the global memory block returned by

this function.

int PageNo; // Page number. This value should be between 1 and

the PageCount for the currently loaded RTF

document.

Return value: This method returns TRUE when successful.

#### **Examples:**

```
PageCount = RisLoadBuffer(id, RtfString, Len(RtfString))

If (PageCount > 0) Then
  ' set the output image type to Jpeg

call RisSetNumProp(id, RIPROP_IMAGE_TYPE, PICT_JPG)

' return the page image in global memory handle

hMem = RisImageToBuffer(id, OutSize, PageNo)

If (hMem > 0) Then
  ' allocate space for the output string

OutString = Space$(OutSize + 1)

Call RisHandleToStr(OutString, OutSize, hMem)

End If
End if
```





### RisImageToFile

Save the current image to the requested file name.

BOOL RisImageToFile(id, OutFile, PageNo)

DWORD id; // Session id

LPBYTE OutFile; // Output image file name

int PageNo; // Page number. This value should be between 1 and

the PageCount for the currently loaded RTF

document.

Return value: This method returns TRUE when successful.

### **Examples:**





### RisHandleToStr

### Convert a global memory handle to a Visual Basic string.

BOOL RisHandleToStr(string, length, hMem)

LPBYTE string; pointer to a visual basic string

long length length of the string

HGLOBAL hMem; Global memory handle

**Description:** This function can be used to copy the contents of a global memory handle to a given visual basic string. The calling routine must expand the string to appropriate length before calling this function.

### **Example:**

```
string=space(length)
HandleToStr(string,length,hMem)
```

The input global memory handle is freed up after copying its contents to the string.

Return Value: This function returns TRUE if successful.





### RisLoadFile

Load rtf file and determine the number of pages in the rtf document..

int RisLoadFile(id, InString, InStringLen)

DWORD id; Session id.

LPBYTE InFile; Input file containing RTF document.

int InStringLen; length of the input document string.

**Return value:** This function returns the number of pages in the rtf document. A value of zero indicates an error condition.

### **Examples:**

Dim RtfString as string

PageCount = RisLoadFile(id, "test.rtf")





### **RisNewSession**

Create a new conversion session.

DWORD RisNewSession()

**Description:** This function needs to be called before calling any other conversion function. This function creates a new conversion session.

The RisEndSession must be called at the end to free up the session resources. All other conversion functions are called between the calls to the RisNewSession and RisEndSession functions.

**Return Value:** The function returns a non-zero session-id when successful. A zero value indicates a fail return.





# RisResetLastMessage

### Reset the last editor message.

BOOL RisResetLastMessage(id)

DWORD id;

Session id.

**Description:** This function can be called before calling any other function to reset the last error message.

Return Value: The function returns TRUE when successful.

See Also
RisGetLastMessage
RisSetFlags





### RisSetFlags

### Set certain flags or retrieve the values of the flags.

DWORD RisSetFlags(id, set, flags)

DWORD id; Session id.

BOOL set; TRUE to set the given flags, FALSE to reset the given

flags

DWORD flags; Flags (bits) to set or reset. Currently, the following flag

values are available:

HPFLAG\_RETURN\_MSG\_ID Do not display the error messages. Save the

error code to be later retrieved using the

RisGetLastMessage function.

**Return value:** This function returns the new value of all the flags. Call this function with the 'flags' parameter set to zero to retrieve flag values without modifying it.





### RisSetBoolProp

Set a boolean property for the conversion.

BOOL RisSetBoolProp(id, prop, val)

DWORD id; Session id.

int prop; One of the following property type to set:

RIPROP\_AUTO\_WIDTH Adjust the image width to fit the contents.

RIPROP\_SHRINK\_TO\_FIT Set to TRUE to eliminate the ending white spaces

to shrink the image height. This property is only

effective for one page rtf documents

RIPROP\_DONT\_UPDATE\_TOC Don't update the table-of-content.

LPBYTE val; The text value of the selected property.

Return value: This function returns TRUE when successful.





### RisSetHdrFtrText

#### Set header or footer text.

BOOL RisSetHdrFtrText(id, HdrFtrType, TextType, text)

DWORD id; Session id.

int HdrFtrType; Select header or footer to set:

HF\_FIRST\_HDR Header text to print on the first page.

HF FIRST FTR Footer text to print on the first page...

HF\_HDR Regular header for all pages. When the first

page header is also set, then the regular header text is printed on all pages except the

first page.

HF\_FTR Regular footer for all pages. When the first

page footer is also set, then the regular footer text is printed on all pages except the first

page.

int TextType; Text type:

HFTYPE\_TEXT Plain text.

HFTYPE RTF RTF text.

LPBYTE text; Header or footer text. The header/footer text must be

specified as plain text or RTF text depending upon the

value passed for the 'TextType' parameter.

**Comment:** The function should be called before calling the conversion functions to set the header or footer text. You can call this function multiple times to set various types of header or footer.

Return value: This function returns TRUE when successful.

#### **Examples:**

```
RisSetHdrFtrText(id,HF_FTR, HFTYPE_RTF,"{\\rtf1 \\qc
Page: {\\field{\\fldinst PAGE}{\\fldrslt 12}} of
{\\field{\\fldinst NUMPAGES}{\\fldrslt 12}}
\\par\\"); // rtf example to insert page: n of m string
```





### RisSetImageSize

### Set the image size.

BOOL RisSetImageSize(id, ImageWidthTwips, ImageHeightTwips)

DWORD id; Session id.

int ImageWidthTwips; The image width in twips units (1440 twips = 1 inch).

int ImageHeightTwips; The image height in twips units (1440 twips = 1 inch).

Return Value: The function returns TRUE when successful.

**Comment:** This function is used to override the default image size when converting an RTF document to the PDF format. This function should be called before calling the RisLoadFile or RisLoadBuffer if you wish override the image size. The default image size is derived from the paper-size specification embedded in the rtf file.

This method works the same as the RisSetPaperSize method when called with the 'size' parameter set to 0.





### RisSetNumProp

Set a numeric property for the conversion.

BOOL RisSetNumProp(id, prop, val)

DWORD id; Session id.

int prop; One of the following property type to set:

The default value is 96 dpi.

image. The default value is 300

image. The default value for this property is 100. You can specify a value small than 100 to obtain a smaller image. Similarly you can specify a value greater than

100 to obtain a larger image.

(default is Bitmap file):

PICT\_BMP Bitmap image

PICT\_EMF Enhanced metafile

PICT\_TIF Tiff image

PICT\_JPG Jpeg image

PICT\_PNG PNG image

PICT\_GIF GIF image

int val; The numeric value of the selected property.

Return value: This function returns TRUE when successful.





### RisSetPageMargin

### Set the page margins for PDF output.

BOOL RisSetPageMargin(id, left, right, top, bottom)

DWORD id; Session id.

int left; Left margin in twip units (1440 twips = 1 inch)

int right; Right margin in twip units

int top; Top margin in twip units

int bottom Bottom margin in twip units

Return Value: The function returns TRUE when successful.

**Comment:** This function is used to override the default page margins when converting an RTF document to the PDF format. This function should be called before calling the RisConvertFile or RisConvertBuffer if you wish override the page margin values.





# RisSetPaperOrient

### Set the page orientation for PDF output.

BOOL RisSetPaperOrient(id, orient)

DWORD id; Session id.

int orient; Orientation: DMORIENT\_PORTRAIT or

DMORIENT\_LANDSCAPE

Return Value: The function returns TRUE when successful.

**Comment:** This function is used to override the default portrait orientation when converting an RTF document to the PDF format. This function should be called before calling the RisConvertFile or RisConvertBuffer if you wish override the paper orientation.





### RisSetPaperSize

### Set the page size for PDF output.

BOOL RisSetPaperSize(id, PageSize, PageWidth, PageHeight)

DWORD id; Session id.

int PageSize; Use one of the following Windows SDK defined

constants:

Constant	Value
DMPAPER_LETTER	1
DMPAPER_LEGAL	5
DMPAPER_LEDGER	4
DMPAPER_TABLOID	3
DMPAPER_STATEMENT	6
DMPAPER_EXECUTIVE	7
DMPAPER_A3	8
DMPAPER_A4	9
DMPAPER_A5	11
DMPAPER_B4	12
DMPAPER_B5	13

If you need to use a paper size not listed above, please set the PageSize argument to zero and specify the page width and height using the next two arguments.

int PageWidth; The page width in twips units (1440 twips = 1 inch). This

argument is ignored if the PageSize is set to one of the

defined page sizes listed above.

int PageHeight; The page height in twips units (1440 twips = 1 inch). This

argument is ignored if the PageSize is set to one of the

defined page sizes listed above

Return Value: The function returns TRUE when successful.

**Comment:** This function is used to override the default letter size paper when converting an RTF document to the PDF format. This function should be called before calling the RisConvertFile or RisConvertBuffer if you wish override the paper size.





# RisSetTextProp

Set a text property for the conversion.

BOOL RisSetTextProp(id, prop, val)

DWORD id; Session id.

int prop; One of the following property type to set:

RIPROP\_DOWNLOAD\_DIR Folder to store temporary rtf pictures files

during conversion.

LPBYTE val; The text value of the selected property.

Return value: This function returns TRUE when successful.



### **ASP Interface**

This chapter describes the usage of the RTF to Image Converter within an ASP page. The product includes an additional wrapper DLL called ricc.dll which is used to access the converter within an ASP page. Please follow the following steps:

Copy ter24.dll and ris32.dll and ricc.dll to the Windows system directory, or any other directory available at the run-time. Now register ricc.dll using the regsvr32 system utility. The other dlls do not need registration. Now you are ready to use this product within an ASP page.

Here is an example ASP page to show a conversion of Rtf string into an image:

```
<%@ LANGUAGE = "VBSCRIPT"%>
< %
Option Explicit
Dim sRTF
Dim obj
Dim PageCount
Dim result
Set obj = Server.CreateObject("ricc.converter")
sRTF = "{\rtf1 This is a test.}"
if len(sRTF) > 0 then
  PageCount = obj.LoadBuffer(CStr(sRTF))
  result =
    obj.ImageToFile("c:\inetpub\wwwroot\demo\test.jpg",1)
End If
Set obj = Nothing
```

```
응>
```

```
<rtf>
<head>
</head>
<body>
 Some text before 
<img src="test.jpg">
 Some text after 
</body>
</rtf>
```

When the above asp file is loaded, IE displays the generated image.

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The method names used by the ricc.dll are the same as the functions mentioned in the Application Interface functions. However the 'Ris' prefix is not used by the RICC method names. For example, the RisConvertFile function is named as ConvertFile within the ricc.dll file.

Also, the constants values are prefixed with an 'VAL\_' prefix. For example, the constant RIPROP\_IMAGE\_TYPE becomes VAL\_RIPROP\_IMAGE\_TYPE.