



Software License Agreement

DOC to Image Converter

For Win32/64

Version 10

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Getting Started

This chapter describes the contents of the software diskettes and provides a step by step process of incorporating DOC to Image Converter into your application.

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Files

The package contains the DLL and header files. The package also includes a set of files to construct a demo program. The demo program shows by example the process of linking the DLL to your program.

DLL Demo Files:

The following demo files are included in the c_demo.zip file.

DEMO.C	Source code for the demo program
DEMO.H	Include file for the demo program
DEMO.RC	Resource source file for the demo program
DEMO.DEF	Definition file for linking the demo program
DEMO.EXE	Executable demo program
DEMO_DLG.H	Dialog Identifiers for the demo program
DEMO_DLG.DLG	Dialog templates for the demo program
DEMO_DLG.RES	Compiled dialogs for the demo program
WIS.H	The <i>include</i> file to include into a C/C++ application module that calls the WIC routine. It contains the constant definitions and the prototypes for the API functions.
wis32.dll	The DLL file
Wis32.LIB	Import library for the Wis32 DLL
ter25.dll	Used internally by the wis32.dll
txml2.dll	Used internally by the wis32.dll
wrs9.dll	Used internal by wis32.dll
wicc.dll	Wrapper DLL to used with an ASP page

Visual Basic Interface and Demo Files:

WIS.BAS	Function declaration file.
DMO_VB.FRM	Demo form file.
DMO_VB.BAS	Demo variable declaration file.
DMO_VB.VPB	Demo project file.



License Key

Your License Key and License number are e-mailed to you after your order is processed. You would set the license information using the `WisSetLicenseInfo` static function. This should be preferably done before creating the converter session to avoid pop-up nag screens.

```
int WisSetLicenseInfo(LPBYTE LicenseKey, LPBYTE LicenseNumber, LPBYTE  
CompanyName);
```

LicenseKey: Your license key is available in the product delivery email sent to you upon the purchase of the product. It consists of a string in the form of "xxxxx-yyyyy-zzzzz".

LicenseNumber: Your license number is also available in the product delivery email. The license number string starts with a "srab" or "sno" prefix.

CompanyName: Your company name as specified in your order.

Return Value: This method returns 0 when successful. A non-zero return value indicates an error condition. Here are the possible return values:

- 0 License application successful.
- 1 Invalid License Key.
- 2 Invalid License Number.
- 3 Ran out of available licenses. Please consider purchasing additional licenses.

Example:

```
result=WisSetLicenseInfo("xxxxx-yyyyy-zzzzz","srabnnnnn-n","Your Company Name")
```

Replace the 'xxxxx-yyyyy-zzzzz' by your license key, replace "srabnnnnn-n" with your license number, and "Your Company Name" with your company name as specified in your order.

Note: *WisSetLicenseInfo* method should be called only once at the beginning of your application. Calling this method for each conversion would degrade the conversion performance.

Also, you can use the `WisGetLicenseStatus` function at anytime to retrieve the license status.



Incorporating the DLL into Your Application

A C/C++ application should include the WIS.h file into the application module that needs to call the Wis32.dll. It also should include the Wis32.LIB as the linker library. Please refer to the demo application for an example.

A Visual Basic application needs to include the WIS.BAS file in the project. Please refer to the DMO_VB project for an example.

Please also make sure that the wis32.dll, txml2.dll, wrs9.dll and ter25.dll files are copied to a directory available at run-time.



Sample Conversion Code

First you would create a new conversion session:

```
dim id as long
```

Set the product [license key](#) and create a session id:

```
result=WisSetLicenseInfo("xxxxx-yyyyy-zzzzz",  
                          "srabnnnnn-n","Your Company Name")
```

```
id = WisNewSession()
```

You would use the session id to call other conversion functions.

Here are sample code examples to convert DOC or DOCX format to Image format.

1. Convert an DOC file to an image file.

```
PageCount = WisLoadFile(id, "test.doc")  
If (PageCount > 0) Then  
    PageNo = 1 'Get image for the first page of the document  
    result = WisImageToFile(id, "test.jpg", PageNo)  
End If
```

2. Convert an DocString to a string containing image data:

```
Dim hMem as long  
Dim PageCount as long  
Dim ImageType as long  
Dim OutString as string  
Dim DocString as string  
  
'load the document and return the number of pages
```



```

'in the document
PageCount = WisLoadBuffer(id, DocString, Len(DocString))

If (PageCount > 0) Then
    ' get the output image type from a file name
    ImageType = WisGetImageType(id, "test.jpg")

    ' set the output image type
    call WisSetNumProp(id, WIPROP_IMAGE_TYPE, ImageType)

    ' return the page image in global memory handle
    hMem = WisImageToBuffer(id, OutSize, PageNo)
    If (hMem > 0) Then
        ' allocate space for the output string
        OutString = Space$(OutSize + 1)
        Call WisHandleToStr(OutString, OutSize, hMem)
    End If
End if

```

After the conversion process, end the session by calling the WisEndSession function. This frees up the memory used by the session.

```
WisEndSession(id)
```

Note: DOC to Image converter makes use of Windows' GdiPlus API. GdiPlus must be installed on a system to use DOC to Image Converter.



Application Interface functions

These API functions allow you to convert from DOC to Image format. Your application must include the WIS.H file (c/c++), or WIS.BAS (VB) files. These files declare these functions.

The following is a description of the WIC API functions in an alphabetic order:

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WisEndSession

End a conversion session.

BOOL WisEndSession(id)

DWORD id;

Session id.

Description: This function is called at the end of the conversion process to free up the session related resources.

Return Value: The function returns TRUE when successful.



WisGetImageType

Get the image type constant for to the requested file name.

```
int WisGetImageType(id, ImageFile)
```

```
DWORD id;           // Session id
```

```
LPBYTE ImageFile;  // image file name
```

Return value: This method returns Image-type constant corresponding to the extension of the given file.

Examples:

```
' get the image type for a file name  
ImageType = WisGetImageType(id, "test.jpg")  
  
' set the output image type  
WisSetNumProp(id, WIPROP_IMAGE_TYPE, ImageType)
```



WisGetLastMessage

Get the last message.

```
int WisGetLastMessage(id, WICMessage, DebugMessage);
```

DWORD id;	Session id.
LPBYTE WICMessage;	Returns the default user message text in English
LPBYTE DebugMsg;	Returns any debug message associated with the last message. The debug message need not be displayed to the user.

Return Value: This function returns the last message generated by the editor. This value is valid only if saving of the messages is enabled by setting the WIFLAG_RETURN_MSG_ID flag. This flag is set using the WisSetFlags function.



WisGetLicenseStatus

Get the license status.

```
int WisGetLicenseStatus()
```

Return Value:

- 0 License application successful.
- 1 Invalid License Key.
- 2 Invalid License Number.
- 3 Ran out of available licenses. Please consider purchasing additional licenses.
- 4 The evaluation period has expired.

You can use the WisGetLicenseStatus function at anytime to retrieve the license status.



WisGetPageImage

Return the image for the requested page number for the currently loaded DOC document.

```
HANDLE WisGetPageImage(PageNo)
```

```
DWORD id;           Session id.
```

```
int PageNo;         // Page number. This value should be between 1 and  
                    // the PageCount for the currently loaded DOC  
                    // document.
```

Return value: This function returns a metafile handle for a metafile image, or a bitmap handle for other type of images. A null value indicates an error condition.

This function is useful if you wish to retrieve the image handle for further processing before saving to a wisk file.

Examples:

```
PageCount=WisLoadFile(id, "test.doc");
```

```
WisSetNumProp(id, WIPROP_IMAGE_TYPE, PICT_JPG)
```

```
handle=WisGetPageImage(id, 1);
```



WisLoadBuffer

Load rtf string and determine the number of pages in the rtf document..

```
int WisLoadBuffer(id, InString, InStringLen)
```

DWORD id; Session id.

LPBYTE InString; Input string containing DOC document.

int InStringLen; length of the input document string.

Return value: This function returns the number of pages in the rtf document. A value of zero indicates an error condition.

Examples:

```
Dim DocString as string
```

```
PageCount = WisLoadBuffer(id, DocString, Len(DocString))
```




WisImageToBuffer

Save the current image in a memory handle.

```
HGLOBAL WisImageToFile(id, OutFile, PageNo)
```

```
DWORD id;           // Session id
```

```
LPLONG OutSize;     // (output) size of the global memory block returned by  
                    // this function.
```

```
int PageNo;         // Page number. This value should be between 1 and  
                    // the PageCount for the currently loaded DOC  
                    // document.
```

Return value: This method returns TRUE when successful.

Examples:

```
PageCount = WisLoadBuffer(id, DocString, Len(DocString))
```

```
If (PageCount > 0) Then
```

```
    ' set the output image type to Jpeg
```

```
    call WisSetNumProp(id, WIPROP_IMAGE_TYPE, PICT_JPG)
```

```
    ' return the page image in global memory handle
```

```
    hMem = WisImageToBuffer(id, OutSize, PageNo)
```

```
    If (hMem > 0) Then
```

```
        ' allocate space for the output string
```

```
        OutString = Space$(OutSize + 1)
```

```
        Call WisHandleToStr(OutString, OutSize, hMem)
```

```
    End If
```

```
End if
```



WisImageToFile

Save the current image to the requested file name.

```
BOOL WisImageToFile(id, OutFile, PageNo)
```

```
DWORD id;           // Session id
```

```
LPBYTE OutFile;    // Output image file name
```

```
int PageNo;        // Page number. This value should be between 1 and  
                   // the PageCount for the currently loaded DOC  
                   // document.
```

Return value: This method returns TRUE when successful.

Examples:

```
PageCount = WisLoadFile(id, "test.doc")  
  
If (PageCount > 0) Then  
  
    PageNo = 1 'Get image for the first page of  
              'the document  
  
    result = WisImageToFile(id, "test.jpg", PageNo)  
  
End If
```



WisHandleToStr

Convert a global memory handle to a Visual Basic string.

```
BOOL WisHandleToStr(string, length, hMem)
```

LPBYTE string; pointer to a visual basic string

long length length of the string

HGLOBAL hMem; Global memory handle

Description: This function can be used to copy the contents of a global memory handle to a given visual basic string. The calling routine must expand the string to appropriate length before calling this function.

Example:

```
string=space(length)
```

```
HandleToStr(string,length,hMem)
```

The input global memory handle is freed up after copying its contents to the string.

Return Value: This function returns TRUE if successful.



WisLoadFile

Load rtf file and determine the number of pages in the rtf document..

```
int WisLoadFile(id, InString, InStringLen)
```

DWORD id; Session id.

LPBYTE InFile; Input file containing DOC document.

int InStringLen; length of the input document string.

Return value: This function returns the number of pages in the rtf document. A value of zero indicates an error condition.

Examples:

```
Dim DocString as string
```

```
PageCount = WisLoadFile(id, "test.doc")
```



WisNewSession

Create a new conversion session.

DWORD WisNewSession()

Description: This function needs to be called before calling any other conversion function. This function creates a new conversion session.

The WisEndSession must be called at the end to free up the session resources. All other conversion functions are called between the calls to the WisNewSession and WisEndSession functions.

Return Value: The function returns a non-zero session-id when successful. A zero value indicates a fail return.



WisSetFlags

Set certain flags or retrieve the values of the flags.

DWORD WisSetFlags(id, set, flags)

DWORD id;

Session id.

BOOL set;

TRUE to set the given flags, FALSE to reset the given flags

DWORD flags;

Flags (bits) to set or reset. Currently, the following flag values are available:

WIFLAG_RETURN_MSG_ID

Do not display the error messages. Save the error code to be later retrieved using the WisGetLastMessage function.

Return value: This function returns the new value of all the flags. Call this function with the 'flags' parameter set to zero to retrieve flag values without modifying it.



WisSetBoolProp

Set a boolean property for the conversion.

BOOL WisSetBoolProp(id, prop, val)

DWORD id;

Session id.

int prop;

One of the following property type to set:

WIPROP_AUTO_WIDTH

Adjust the image width to fit the contents.

WIPROP_SHRINK_TO_FIT

Set to TRUE to eliminate the ending white spaces to shrink the image height. This property is only effective for one page rtf documents.

LPBYTE val;

The text value of the selected property.

Return value: This function returns TRUE when successful.



WisSetHdrFtrText

Set header or footer text.

BOOL WisSetHdrFtrText(id, HdrFtrType, TextType, text)

DWORD id;	Session id.
int HdrFtrType;	Select header or footer to set:
HF_FIRST_HDR	Header text to print on the first page.
HF_FIRST_FTR	Footer text to print on the first page..
HF_HDR	Regular header for all pages. When the first page header is also set, then the regular header text is printed on all pages except the first page.
HF_FTR	Regular footer for all pages. When the first page footer is also set, then the regular footer text is printed on all pages except the first page.
int TextType;	Text type:
HFTYPE_TEXT	Plain text.
HFTYPE_DOC	DOC text.
LPBYTE text;	Header or footer text. The header/footer text must be specified as plain text or DOC text depending upon the value passed for the 'TextType' parameter.

Comment: The function should be called before calling the conversion functions to set the header or footer text. You can call this function multiple times to set various types of header or footer.

Return value: This function returns TRUE when successful.

Examples:

```
WisSetHdrFtrText(id, HF_FIRST_HDR, HFTYPE_TEXT,
                 "This is first page header.");
WisSetHdrFtrText(id, HF_FIRST_FTR, HFTYPE_TEXT,
                 "This is first page footer.");
WisSetHdrFtrText(id, HF_HDR, HFTYPE_TEXT,
                 "This is regular page header.");
```

```
WisSetHdrFtrText(id, HF_FTR, HFTYPE_DOC, "{\\rtf1 \\qc  
Page: {\\field{\\fldinst PAGE}{\\fldrslt 12}} of  
{\\field{\\fldinst NUMPAGES}{\\fldrslt 12}}  
\\par}" ); // rtf example to insert page: n of m string
```



WisSetImageSize

Set the image size.

```
BOOL WisSetImageSize(id, ImageWidthTwips, ImageHeightTwips)
```

DWORD id; Session id.

int ImageWidthTwips; The image width in twips units (1440 twips = 1 inch).

int ImageHeightTwips; The image height in twips units (1440 twips = 1 inch).

Return Value: The function returns TRUE when successful.

Comment: This function is used to override the default image size when converting an DOC document to the PDF format. This function should be called before calling the WisConvertFile or WisConvertBuffer if you wish override the image size. The default image size is derived from the paper-size specification embedded in the rtf file.

This method works the same as the WisSetPaperSize method when called with the 'size' parameter set to 0.



WisSetNumProp

Set a numeric property for the conversion.

BOOL WisSetNumProp(id, prop, val)

DWORD id;

Session id.

int prop;

One of the following property type to set:

WIPROP_IMAGE_RES

Use this property to specify the resolution of an image. The default value is 96 dpi.

WIPROP_META_RES

Use this property to specify the resolution of a metafile image. The default value is 300

WIPROP_SIZE_PERCENT

Use this property to change the size of the output image. The default value for this property is 100. You can specify a value small than 100 to obtain a smaller image. Similarly you can specify a value greater than 100 to obtain a larger image.

WIPROP_IMAGE_TYPE

Use this property to request a particular type of image (default is Bitmap file):

PICT_BMP

Bitmap image

PICT_EMF

Enhanced metafile

PICT_TIF

Tiff image

PICT_JPG

Jpeg image

PICT_PNG

PNG image

PICT_GIF

GIF image

int val;

The numeric value of the selected property.

Return value: This function returns TRUE when successful.



WisSetPageMargin

Set the page margins for PDF output.

BOOL WisSetPageMargin(id, left, right, top, bottom)

DWORD id;

Session id.

int left;

Left margin in twip units (1440 twips = 1 inch)

int right;

Right margin in twip units

int top;

Top margin in twip units

int bottom

Bottom margin in twip units

Return Value: The function returns TRUE when successful.

Comment: This function is used to override the default page margins when converting an DOC document to the PDF format. This function should be called before calling the WisConvertFile or WisConvertBuffer if you wish override the page margin values.



WisSetPaperOrient

Set the page orientation for PDF output.

```
BOOL WisSetPaperOrient(id, orient)
```

DWORD id; Session id.

int orient; Orientation: DMORIENT_PORTRAIT or
DMORIENT_LANDSCAPE

Return Value: The function returns TRUE when successful.

Comment: This function is used to override the default portrait orientation when converting an DOC document to the PDF format. This function should be called before calling the WisConvertFile or WisConvertBuffer if you wish override the paper orientation.



WisSetPaperSize

Set the page size for PDF output.

BOOL WisSetPaperSize(id, PageSize, PageWidth, PageHeight)

DWORD id;

Session id.

int PageSize;

Use one of the following Windows SDK defined constants:

Constant	Value
DMPAPER_LETTER	1
DMPAPER_LEGAL	5
DMPAPER_LEDGER	4
DMPAPER_TABLOID	3
DMPAPER_STATEMENT	6
DMPAPER_EXECUTIVE	7
DMPAPER_A3	8
DMPAPER_A4	9
DMPAPER_A5	11
DMPAPER_B4	12
DMPAPER_B5	13

If you need to use a paper size not listed above, please set the PageSize argument to zero and specify the page width and height using the next two arguments.

int PageWidth;

The page width in twips units (1440 twips = 1 inch). This argument is ignored if the PageSize is set to one of the defined page sizes listed above.

int PageHeight;

The page height in twips units (1440 twips = 1 inch). This argument is ignored if the PageSize is set to one of the defined page sizes listed above

Return Value: The function returns TRUE when successful.

Comment: This function is used to override the default letter size paper when converting an DOC document to the PDF format. This function should be called before calling the WisConvertFile or WisConvertBuffer if you wish override the paper size.



ASP Interface

This chapter describes the usage of the DOC to Image Converter within an ASP page. The product includes an additional wrapper DLL called wicc.dll which is used to access the converter within an ASP page. Please follow the following steps:

Copy ter25.dll, txml2.dll, wrs9.dll and wis32.dll and wicc.dll to the Windows system directory, or any other directory available at the run-time. Now register wicc.dll using the regsvr32 system utility. The other dlls do not need registration. Now you are ready to use this product within an ASP page.

Here is an example ASP page to show a conversion of Rtf string into an image:

```
<%@ LANGUAGE = "VBSCRIPT"%>

<%

Option Explicit

Dim obj

Dim PageCount

Dim result

Dim DocString

DocString=""

Set obj = Server.CreateObject("wicc.converter")

call obj.SetFlags(1,obj.VAL_WIFLAG_RETURN_MSG_ID) ' quiet mode

' read the test.doc file into a string

DocString =

    obj.FileToString("c:\inetpub\wwwroot\DmoWic\test.doc")

if len(DocString) > 0 then
```

```

    PageCount = obj.LoadBuffer(CStr(DocString))

    result =
obj.ImageToFile("c:\Inetpub\wwwroot\DmoWic\test.jpg",1)

End If

Set obj = Nothing

%>

<html>
<head>
</head>

<body>
<p> Some text before </p>



<p> Some text after </p>
</body>
</html>

```

When the above asp file is loaded, IE displays the generated image.

The method names used by the wicc.dll are the same as the functions mentioned in the Application Interface functions. However the 'Wis' prefix is not used by the WICC method names. For example, the WisConvertFile function is named as ConvertFile within the wicc.dll file.

Also, the constants values are prefixed with an 'VAL_' prefix. For example, the constant WIPROP_IMAGE_TYPE becomes VAL_WIPROP_IMAGE_TYPE.